



National Collaborating Centre
for Methods and Tools

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Organizational change readiness and resistance: Models, frameworks, and theories

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Disclosure Statement

I have no affiliation (financial or otherwise) with a pharmaceutical, medical device, or communications organization



Definition

- Organizational readiness for change refers to an organizations members change commitment and change efficacy to implement a change
 - High org. readiness can facilitate an org. change effort
 - Low org. readiness can lead to resistance to change



Objectives

- Identify major models, frameworks, and theories (M/F/T) on organizational readiness and resistance
- Reflect on the potential value of these M/F/Ts for public health practice



Methodology

Search strategy

- Broad review level search
- Supplemental searches
 - Targeted search
 - Reference lists
 - Google scholar
- Outreach to key informants

Databases searched

Business Source Complete

ABI/Inform Complete

Web of Science

Medline

ERIC



Methodology

Data extraction

Facets	
Perspective of change	Model/Framework/Theory*
Level of change	Level of knowledge needed
Nature of change	Applied in a health setting
Type of organization	Measurement
Change agent	Visual diagram
Stage in the change process	Outcomes

*M/F/T classified according to: Nilsen, P. (2015). Making sense of implementation theories, models and frameworks. *Implementation Science*, 10(1), 53.



Preliminary findings

- 54 Models/Frameworks/Theories
 - 16 organizational readiness
 - 38 organizational resistance
- Examples:

Readiness

- Factors relevant in creating readiness for change (Armenakis, et al., 1993)
- Multilevel framework of the antecedents and consequences of readiness for change (Rafferty, et al., 2013)

Resistance

- Ten reasons people resist change (Kanter, 1985)
- Mode and response to change (Graetz, 2006)



Preliminary findings

Facets	
Perspective on change	Positive, + neutral, negative
Level of change	+ Individual, + individual + organizational, - organizational
Nature of change	+ Planned change, - emergent change
Type of organization	+ Hierarchical, - flat
Change agent	+ Top-down approach, - bottom-up approach
Stage in the change process	= Planning, implementation
Model/Framework/Theory	= Model, framework, theory
Level of knowledge needed	- Novice, + intermediate, + expert
Applied in a health setting	+ Yes, - no
Measurement	To assess the M/F/T: - yes, + no
Visual diagram	- Yes, + no
Outcomes	- Clear, + unclear, + not mentioned



Summary/Looking forward

- Many different M/F/T available
- Help support larger organizational change project
- Look next to: attitudes toward change



Questions?

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National Collaborating Centre
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